

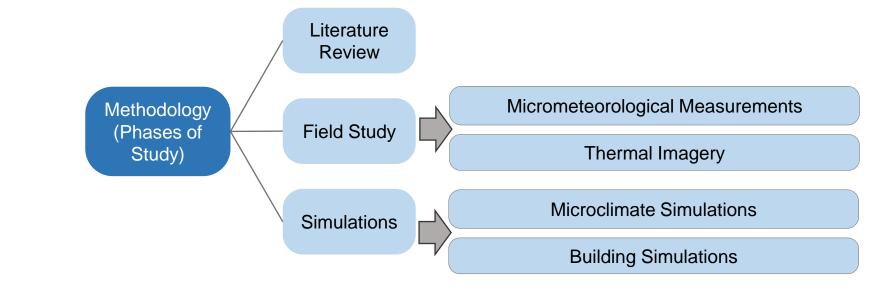
Research Centre Agroecology, Water and Resilience

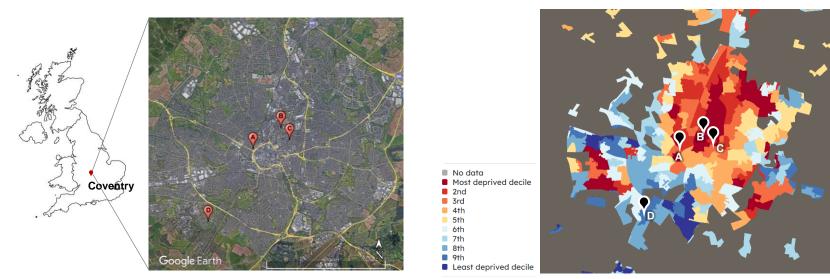
The Impact of Green Infrastructure (GI) on Thermal Conditions in Schools during Summer

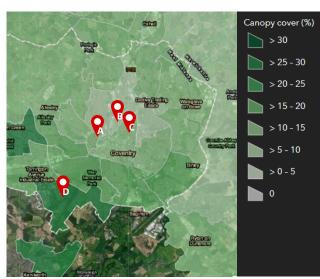
A PhD project by Yasaman Namazi

Supervisory team: Susanne Charlesworth, Azadeh Montazami, Mohammad Taleghani

Aim: Exploring the influence of green infrastructure (GI) on indoor and outdoor thermal conditions in schools







Measurements

Outdoor, in sunlight and shade

Wind speed

Relative humidity

Surface temperature

Indoor, in selected classrooms



air temperature

air

Relative humidity













Calculation



Results

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The impact of local microclimates and Urban Greening Factor on schools' thermal conditions during summer: A study in Coventry, UK

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ABSTRACT

Thermal comfort in schools affects children's wellbeing and educational outcomes. Global warming and frequent heatwaves have worsened the overheating issue in schools, especially in Western European countries, like the UK. While previous studies have mainly focused on residential and commercial buildings, school-related research often emphasised indoor thermal conditions, neglecting the broader influence of microclimates on the overall thermal conditions. Therefore, this research explores the thermal conditions in schools, during the summer of 2023, with a specific focus on the impact of greenery and materials. Urban Greening Factor (UGF) and its relationship with indoor and outdoor air temperatures were explored for the first time.

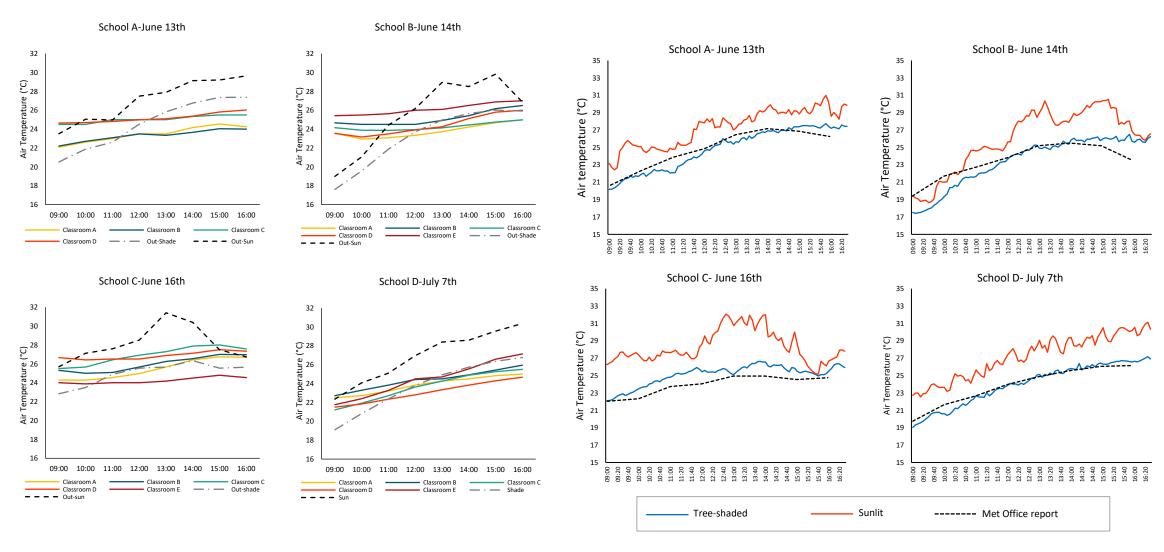
Field studies were conducted in four primary schools in Coventry, UK, measuring indoor air temperatures and

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Classrooms Air Temperature

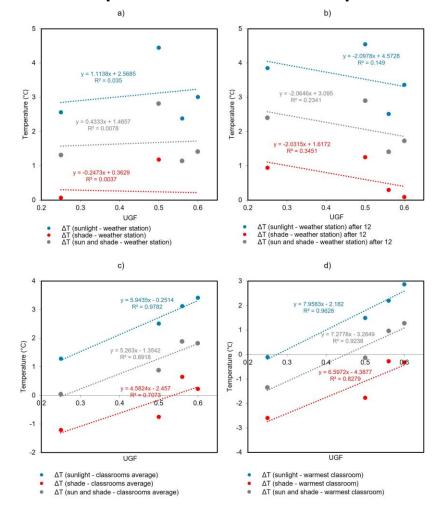
Outdoor Air Temperature



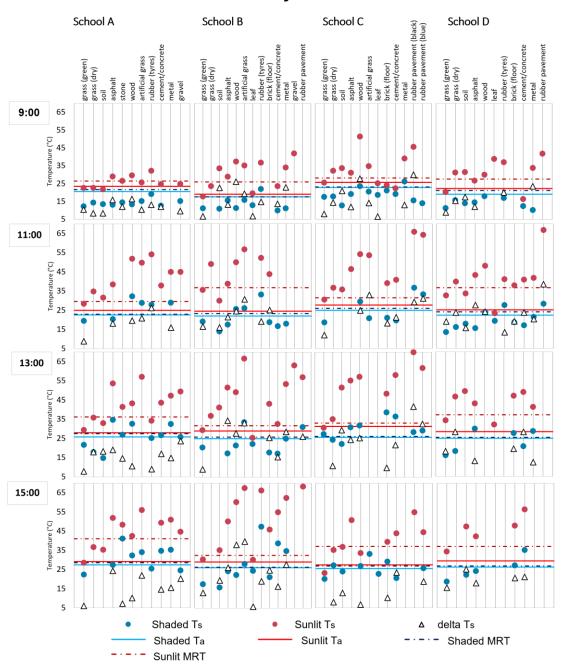
- Warm classrooms were recognised, with potential reasons.
- Substantial cooling effect of tree shade in outdoor areas (up to 6.4°C reduction of air temperature and 22.9°C of MRT)

- Extremely high surface temperature on Artificial Grass (exceeding 67°C).
- UGF had correlations with indoor air temperature. However, outdoor air temperature is more variant and can be different from one point to another.

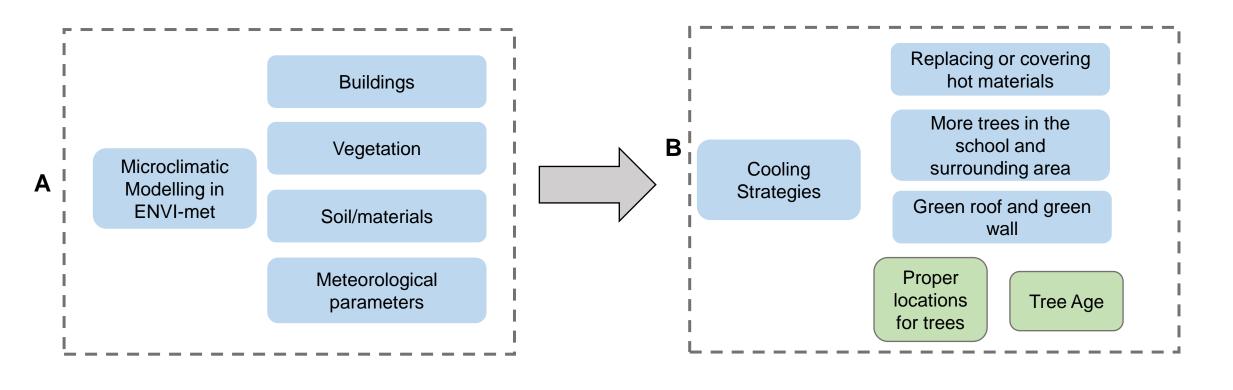
Comparison of UGF and air temperature



Surface temperature of materials in sunlight and shade, measured by thermal camera



Simulations

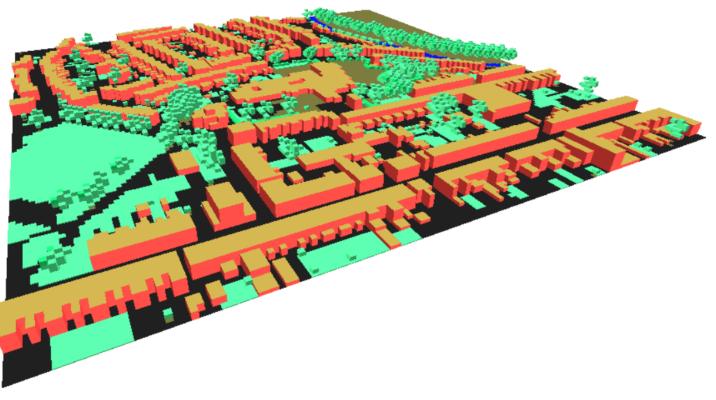




Map of school and surrounding area



Model in ENVI-met



Expected Outcome

Design solutions to reduce summer air temperature in schools

Locations for trees

Locations for outdoor activities

New schools outdoor design

The role of urban greening

A combination of best strategies

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